

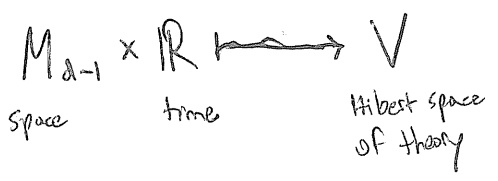
May 26: Anton Kapustin: Three-dimensional topological field theories with boundaries

2d TFT: Mirror symmetry
 A model ↙
 B model ↘

3d TFT:
 3d mirror symmetry

4d TFT: S-duality
 Gauge theory G ↗
 Gauge theory G^v ↘

$d = \text{dimension}$

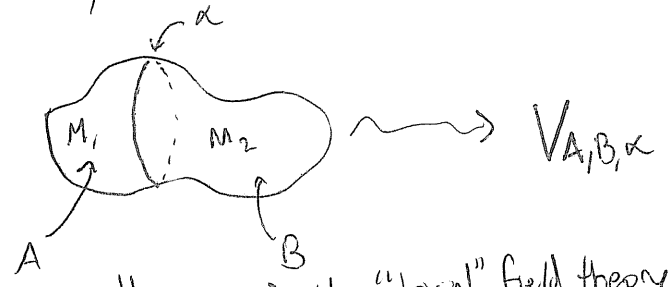


$\partial M_{d-1} \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow \text{need boundary conditions}$

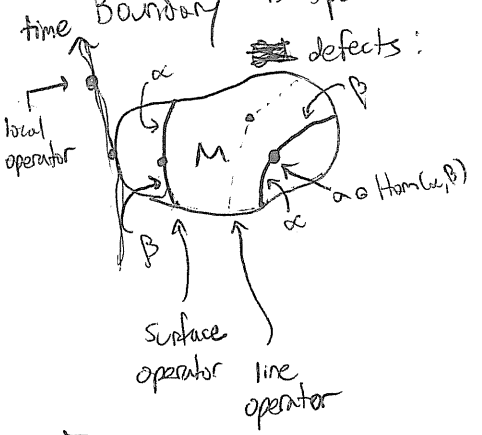
$(M_{d-1} \times \mathbb{R}, \vec{\alpha}) \rightsquigarrow V_{\vec{\alpha}} = (\alpha_1, \dots)$

One condition for each boundary component

Domain walls divide manifold into parts
 e.g. "phase boundaries"



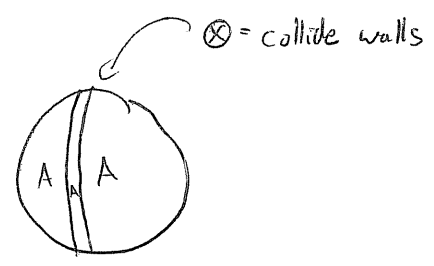
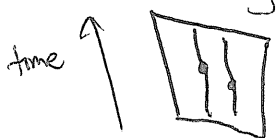
Boundary is special case (it is a wall between our theory and the "trivial" field theory.)



- 3-category:
 object: phases
 1-mor: domain walls
 2-mor: line operators
 3-mor: local operators

For any particular 3d TFT, we have

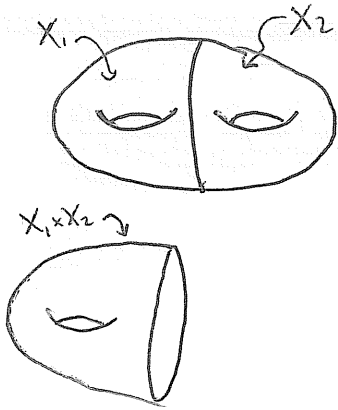
- (1) monoidal 2-category of domain walls
- (2) 2-category of boundary conditions



2-category of B-models:

objects: Calabi-Yau manifolds X_1, X_2, \dots
 morphisms: $\text{Hom}(X_1, X_2) = D^b(\text{Coh}(X_1, X_2))$

(composition as kernels of functors)



We will need a generalization of this: 2-category of curved B-models:

objects: $(X, W \in \Omega^{0, \text{even}}, \bar{\partial}W = 0)$
 ↑ "curving"
 CY manifold

morphisms: $\text{Hom}((X_1, W_1), (X_2, W_2)) = \text{category of curved } \mathbb{D}\text{-branes on } (X_1 \times X_2, W_1 - W_2)$

$\alpha \in \text{Ob}(\text{Hom}(\dots))$

$\alpha = (E, D: \Gamma(E \otimes \Omega^{0,1}) \rightarrow \Gamma(E \otimes \Omega^{0,2}))$
 $\deg_{\mathbb{Z}_2} D = 1, D^2 = 1 \cdot (W_1 - W_2)$

\mathbb{Z}_2 -graded vector bundle on $X_1 \times X_2$

L. Rozansky, N. Saulina, A. Kapustin:

(I) Rozansky-Witten model (review)

$(X, \Omega) \rightsquigarrow \text{action}$

complex symplectic manifold

$\varphi: M \rightarrow X$

$\rho \in \Gamma(\varphi^* TX \otimes \Omega^1 M)$

\rightsquigarrow 2-category of boundary conditions,
 monoidal 2-category of domain walls
 braided monoidal category of codimension-2 defects = $\text{End}(\mathbb{1})$ in

~~RW, Roberts~~
 Rozansky-Witten, Roberts-Willerton;
 Category of Wilson lines $\cong D_{\mathbb{Z}_2}^b(\text{Coh}(X))$

We study the 2-category of boundary conditions.

Remark RW theory on a 3-manifold of the form $S^1 \times \Sigma$ is equivalent to the B-model with target space X . But B-model does not show the braided monoidal structure.

Simplest objects of 2-category of boundary conditions:

Complex Lagrangian submanifolds $Y \hookrightarrow X$.

A slight generalization: (Y, W) "curving" $\text{Hom}((Y_1, W_1), (Y_2, W_2)) = ?$

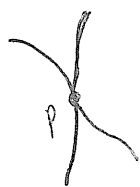
Remark (1) RW is perturbative
(2) \mathbb{Z}_2 -graded

Extreme cases ($\hbar=0$)

(1) $Y_1 = Y_2$. $\text{Hom}((Y, W_1), (Y, W_2)) = D_{\mathbb{Z}_2}(\text{Coh}(Y), W_1 - W_2)$

(2) $W_1 = W_2$. $\text{Hom}(Y_1, Y_2) = D_{\mathbb{Z}_2}(\text{Coh}(Y))$

(3) Y_1 & Y_2 intersect at isolated points. (Let $W_1 = W_2 = 0$ for simplicity.)



$\text{Hom}_p(Y_1, Y_2) = D_{\mathbb{Z}_2}(\bigoplus_{\mathbb{C}^n} F_i - F_2)$

Choose Darboux coordinates near p s.t. $\Omega = dx_i \wedge dy_j$

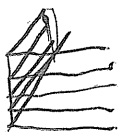
$Y_1 \cap V = \{y_i = \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial x_i}\}$

$Y_2 \cap V = \{y_i = \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial x_i}\}$

More general boundary conditions



↑
1d TFT
= vector space
(i.e., vector bundle)



↑
2d TFT

One can associate a bdy condition to a fibration over $Y \hookrightarrow X$ whose fibre is a CY, Z .

$Z \rightarrow \mathcal{S}Y$



$\text{Hom}\left(\begin{matrix} \mathcal{S}Y_1 \\ \downarrow \\ Y \end{matrix}, \begin{matrix} \mathcal{S}Y_2 \\ \downarrow \\ Y \end{matrix}\right) = D_{\mathbb{Z}_2}(Y_1 \times Y_2)$