

Week 9, Due Fri 12/2

1. Show that the 2-Sylow subgroups of S_4 and S_5 are isomorphic to D_8 , and the 2-Sylow subgroup of A_4 and A_5 are isomorphic to the Klein 4-group.
2. Let H be the subset of $\text{GL}_3(\mathbf{F}_p)$ of matrices of the form:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & x & y \\ 0 & 1 & z \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Prove that H is a p -Sylow subgroup of $\text{GL}_3(\mathbf{F}_p)$.
 - (b) Prove that H is not normal.
 - (c) Determine the number n_p of p -Sylow subgroups of $\text{GL}_3(\mathbf{F}_p)$.
 - (d) Determine the normalizer of H .
3. Suppose that P is a normal p -Sylow subgroup of G . Suppose that H is a subgroup of G . Prove that $P \cap H$ is the unique p -Sylow subgroup of H . (4.5 (31)).
 4. Prove that if $n < p^2$, the p -Sylow subgroup of S_n is abelian. Prove that if $n \geq p^2$, the p -Sylow subgroup of S_n is *not* abelian.
 5. Let N be a normal subgroup of G , and suppose that the largest power of p dividing $|N|$ is equal to the largest power of p dividing $|G|$. Prove that the p -Sylow subgroups of G are precisely the p -Sylow subgroups of N .
 6. Prove that there do not exist any simple groups of order p^2q for distinct primes p and q . (Hint: consider the congruence restrictions from Sylow III.)
 7. Prove that there do not exist any simple groups of the following orders. (Warning: not in order of difficulty)
 - (a) (*) 336
 - (b) 1176
 - (c) 2907
 - (d) 6545