# Nonstandard Analysis: A New Way to Compute 

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Midwest Computability Seminar, Nov. 15, 2012


[^0]How to compute in NSA: $\Omega$-invariance

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(Physics / TCS)

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(0) $(\forall x \in A) P(x)$ : for all $x, x \in A \rightarrow P(x)$.

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BECAUSE it preserves all essential feafures of BISH (e.g. CRM)

## Constructive Reverse Mathematics

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non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\downarrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\downarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm $\downarrow$

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LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\downarrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\downarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm $\downarrow$
CIT: Cantor intersection thm

NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\downarrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\downarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm $\downarrow$
CIT: Cantor intersection thm

NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{L P O}$ : For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \sim P$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$


LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$
$\uparrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm $\uparrow$
CIT: Cantor intersection thm

Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{Z P O}$ : For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \sim P$
$\mathbb{L P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \sim(x>0))$
$\Longleftrightarrow$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\uparrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\downarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm $M \mathbb{C T}$ : monotone convergence thm $\stackrel{\imath}{\text { CIT: Cantor intersection thm }}$

NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{Q P O}$ : For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \sim P$
$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{P}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \sim(x>0))$
$\Longleftrightarrow$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\downarrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\downarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm $\downarrow$
CIT: Cantor intersection thm

NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{Q P O}$ : For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \sim P$
$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{P}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \sim(x>0))$
$\Longleftrightarrow$

MCT: monotone convergence thm
$\mathbb{C D T}$ : Cantor intersection thm

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\downarrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\uparrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm
$\downarrow$ (limit computed by algo)
CIT: Cantor intersection thm

NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{Q P O}$ : For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \sim P$
$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{P}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \sim(x>0))$
$\Longleftrightarrow$

MCT: monotone convergence thm
$\mathbb{C D T}$ : Cantor intersection thm

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\downarrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\downarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm
$\downarrow$ (limit computed by algo)
CIT: Cantor intersection thm

NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{Q P O}$ : For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \sim P$
$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{P}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \sim(x>0))$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm
(limit computed by $\Omega$-inv. proc.)
$\mathbb{C D T}$ : Cantor intersection thm

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\uparrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\downarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm $\downarrow$ (limit computed by algo)
CIT: Cantor intersection thm (point in intersection computed by algp)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\uparrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\uparrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm $\downarrow$ (limit computed by algo)
CIT: Cantor intersection thm (point in intersection computed by alg $\phi$ )
(point in intersection computed by $\Omega$-inv. proc.)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics BISH (based on BHK)
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\uparrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$ $\uparrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm
$\downarrow$ (limit computed by algo)
CIT: Cantor intersection thm

NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{Q P O}$ : For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \sim P$
$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \sim(x>0))$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
MCT: monotone convergence thm
(limit computed by $\Omega$-inv. proc.)
$\mathbb{C} \mathbb{T}:$ Cantor intersection thm

$巾_{1}$-TRANS ${ }^{S E T}$
$(\forall n \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi(n, \vec{X}) \rightarrow\left(\forall n \in{ }^{*} \mathbb{N}\right) \varphi\left(n,{ }^{*} \vec{X}\right)$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics
non-constructive/non-algorithmic
LPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \neg P$
$\downarrow$
LPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \neg(x>0))$
$\uparrow$

CIT: Cantor intersection thm

BISH (based on BHK)

MCT: monotone convergence thm
$\downarrow$ (limit computed by algo)
NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{Q P O}$ : For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, P \vee \sim P$
$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x>0 \vee \sim(x>0))$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
$\mathbb{M C T}$ : monotone convergence thm
(limit computed by $\Omega$-inv. proc.)
$\mathbb{C D T}$ : Cantor intersection thm
$\Longleftrightarrow$
$7_{1}$-TRANS ${ }^{S E T}$
$(\forall n \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi(n, \vec{X}) \rightarrow\left(\forall n \in{ }^{*} \mathbb{N}\right) \varphi\left(n,{ }^{*} \vec{X}\right)$
NSA does prove $(\forall \delta \in \mathbb{R})[\delta>0 \Rightarrow(x>0) \vee(x<\delta)]$.
BISH does prove $(\forall \delta \notin \mathbb{R})[\delta>0 \rightarrow(x>0) \vee(x<\delta)]$.

## Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II BISH (based on BHK)

NSA (based on CL)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II BISH (based on BHK)

NSA (based on CL)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II BISH (based on BHK)

NSA (based on CL)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


NIL

$$
(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)
$$

$$
\uparrow
$$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$
 $\downarrow$
NIL

$$
(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)
$$

$\downarrow$
IVT: Intermediate value theorem

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

## BISH (based on BHK)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicLLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$
 $\uparrow$
NIL
$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$
$\downarrow$
IVT: Intermediate value theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


LLPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$ $\downarrow$
NIL
$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$
$\downarrow$
IVT: Intermediate value theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

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For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


NIL
$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$
$\downarrow$
IVT: Intermediate value theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

## ロロPO

For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$
$\qquad$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


IVT: Intermediate value theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

## ロロPO

For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$
$\mathbb{L} \mathbb{P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$


Nal
$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \Rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


NIL

$$
(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)
$$

$\downarrow$
IVT: Intermediate value theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

## ロロPO

For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$
$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$ $\Longleftrightarrow$

## Nal

$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \Rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$


IVT: Intermediate value theorem

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$

$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$
$\downarrow$
IVT: Intermediate value theorem (int. value computed by algo)

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

## ロロPO

For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$
$\mathbb{L} \mathbb{P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$ $\Longleftrightarrow$

## Nal.

$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \Rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$


IVT: Intermediate value theorem

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


NIL

$$
(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)
$$

$$
\uparrow
$$

IVT: Intermediate value theorem (int. value computed by algo)

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

## ロロPO

For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$

$\mathbb{L} \mathbb{P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$ $\Longleftrightarrow$

## Nal

$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \Rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$


IVT: Intermediate value theorem
(int. value computed by $\Omega$-inv. proc.)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


NIL

$$
(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)
$$

$$
\uparrow
$$

IVT: Intermediate value theorem $\uparrow$ (int. value computed by algo) WKL

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

## ロロPO

For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$

$\mathbb{L} \mathbb{P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$ $\Longleftrightarrow$

## Nal

$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \Rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$


IVT: Intermediate value theorem (int. value computed by $\Omega$-inv. proc.)
$\Longleftrightarrow \mathbb{W} \mathbb{K} \mathbb{L}$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


NIL

$$
(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)
$$

$$
\uparrow
$$

IVT: Intermediate value theorem $\uparrow$ (int. value computed by algo) WKL

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

## ロロPO

For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$

$\mathbb{L} \mathbb{P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$ $\Longleftrightarrow$

## Nal

$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \Rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$


IVT: Intermediate value theorem (int. value computed by $\Omega$-inv. proc.)
$\Longleftrightarrow \mathbb{W} \mathbb{K} \mathbb{\Longleftrightarrow}$ - -Transfer

Constructive Reverse Mathematics II

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic LLPO
For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg P \vee \neg Q$


NIL
$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$
$\downarrow$
IVT: Intermediate value theorem $\downarrow$ (int. value computed by algo) WKL

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

## ロロPO

For $P, Q \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow \sim P \vee \sim Q$

$\mathbb{L} \mathbb{P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(x \geq 0 \vee x \leq 0)$ $\Longleftrightarrow$

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N0|
```

$(\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R})(x y=0 \Rightarrow x=0 \vee y=0)$


IVT: Intermediate value theorem (int. value computed by $\Omega$-inv. proc.)
$\Longleftrightarrow \mathbb{W} \mathbb{K} \mathbb{\Longleftrightarrow}$ - -Transfer

BISH and $\mathbb{N S A}$ can prove $(\forall k \in \mathbb{N})\left(\exists x_{0} \in[0,1]\right)\left(\left|f\left(x_{0}\right)\right|<\frac{1}{k}\right)$.

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III BISH (based on BHK)

NSA (based on CL)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III BISH (based on BHK)

NSA (based on CL)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III BISH (based on BHK)

NSA (based on CL)

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III BISH (based on BHK)

NSA (based on CL) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

MP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P$
$\mathfrak{\downarrow}$
MPR:
$\downarrow$$(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\neg \neg(x>0) \rightarrow x>0)$ $\downarrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

BISH (based on BHK) non-constructive/non-algorithmic

MP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P$
$\mathfrak{\downarrow}$
MPR:
$\downarrow$$(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\neg \neg(x>0) \rightarrow x>0)$ $\uparrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK) <br> NSA (based on CL)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicTransfer Principle
MP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P$
$\mathfrak{\downarrow}$
MPR:
$\mathfrak{\imath}$
$(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\neg \neg(x>0) \rightarrow x>0)$

## $\downarrow$

EXT: the extensionality theorem

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P}$
$\mathfrak{\downarrow}$
MPR:
$(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\neg \neg(x>0) \rightarrow x>0)$ $\downarrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

MP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim \sim P \Rightarrow P$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
$\mathbb{M P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\sim \sim(x>0) \Rightarrow x>0)$
$\Longleftrightarrow$

## Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P$
$\downarrow$
MPR:
$\downarrow$
$(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\neg \neg(x>0) \rightarrow x>0)$

## $\uparrow$

EXT: the extensionality theorem

NSA (based on CL)
Transfer Principle
MP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim \sim P \Rightarrow P$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
$M P R:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\sim \sim(x>0) \Rightarrow x>0)$


EXT: the extensionality theorem

## Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P$


## $\downarrow$

EXT: the extensionality theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

MP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim \sim P \Rightarrow P$

$M P R:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\sim \sim(x>0) \Rightarrow x>0)$


EXT: the extensionality theorem

WLPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \vee \neg P$ $\downarrow$

Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK) <br> NSA (based on CL)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmic Transfer PrincipleMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1, ~} \rightarrow \neg P \rightarrow P$
 $\downarrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem
$\operatorname{MPR}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\sim \sim(x>0) \Rightarrow x>0)$


EXT: the extensionality theorem

WLPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \vee \neg P$ $\downarrow$
WLPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})[\neg \neg(x>0) \vee \neg(x>0)]$ $\downarrow$

## Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P$


## $\uparrow$

EXT: the extensionality theorem

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle

MP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim \sim P \Rightarrow P$

$M P R:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\sim \sim(x>0) \Rightarrow x>0)$


EXT: the extensionality theorem

WLPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \vee \neg P$

## $\downarrow$

WLPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})[\neg \neg(x>0) \vee \neg(x>0)]$ $\downarrow$
DISC:
A discontinuous $2^{\mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$-function exists.

## Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P$
 $\downarrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem
WLPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \vee \neg P$
$\downarrow$
WLPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})[\neg \neg(x>0) \vee \neg(x>0)]$ $\downarrow$
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## Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmic Transfer PrincipleMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P}$
 $\downarrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem
WLPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1, \neg \neg P \vee \neg P}$

WLPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})[\neg \neg(x>0) \vee \neg(x>0)]$
DISC:
A discontinuous $2^{\mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$-function exists.

## Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK) <br> NSA (based on CL)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P}$


MPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\neg \neg(x>0) \rightarrow x>0)$ $\downarrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem
WLPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1, \neg \neg P \vee \neg P}$

## $\downarrow$

WLPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})[\neg \neg(x>0) \vee \neg(x>0)]$
DISC:
A discontinuous $2^{\mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$-function exists.

Transfer Principle

MP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1, \sim \sim P \Rightarrow P}$


MPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\sim \sim(x>0) \Rightarrow x>0)$


EXT: the extensionality theorem WLPD: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim \sim P \vee \sim P$

$\mathbb{W} \mathbb{P} \mathbb{R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})[\sim \sim(x>0) \mathbb{V} \sim(x>0)]$


DISC: A discontinuous $2^{\mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$-function exists.

## Constructive Reverse Mathematics III

## BISH (based on BHK)

 non-constructive/non-algorithmicMP: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \neg \neg P \rightarrow P$
$\downarrow$
MPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\neg \neg(x>0) \rightarrow x>0)$ $\downarrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem
WLPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1, \neg \neg P \vee \neg P}$ $\downarrow$
WLPR: $(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})[\neg \neg(x>0) \vee \neg(x>0)]$
DISC:
A discontinuous $2^{\mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$-function exists.

NSA (based on CL) Transfer Principle
$\mathbb{M P}:$ For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim \sim P \Rightarrow P$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
$\mathbb{M P R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})(\sim \sim(x>0) \Rightarrow x>0)$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
EXT: the extensionality theorem
WLPO: For $P \in \Sigma_{1}, \sim \sim P \vee \sim P$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
$\mathbb{W} \mathbb{P} \mathbb{R}:(\forall x \in \mathbb{R})[\sim \sim(x>0) \mathbb{V} \sim(x>0)]$
$\Longleftrightarrow$
DUSC: A discontinuous $2^{\mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$-function exists.
(Four Remarks)

## $\Omega$-invariance is weaker than Recursive

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Markov's principle MP can be reformulated as If it is impossible that a TM runs forever, then it must halt.

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As no algorithmic upper bound on the halting time of the TM is given, MP is rejected in BISH.

## $\Omega$-invariance is weaker than Recursive

Markov's principle MP can be reformulated as If it is impossible that a TM runs forever, then it must halt.

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## $\Omega$-invariance is weaker than Recursive

Markov's principle MP can be reformulated as If it is impossible that a TM runs forever, then it must halt.

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## Definition ( $\ln \mathbb{N S A}$ )

A formula $\psi$ is $\Delta_{1}$ if $\psi \Longleftrightarrow(\exists n \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi_{1}(n) \Longleftrightarrow(\forall m \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi_{2}(m)$.

## $\Omega$-invariance is weaker than Recursive

Markov's principle MP can be reformulated as If it is impossible that a TM runs forever, then it must halt.

As no algorithmic upper bound on the halting time of the TM is given, MP is rejected in BISH. The notion of algorithm in BISH is not identical to 'recursive'.

## Definition ( $\ln$ NSA)

A formula $\psi$ is $\Delta_{1}$ if $\psi \Longleftrightarrow(\exists n \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi_{1}(n) \Longleftrightarrow(\forall m \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi_{2}(m)$.
Theorem
In NSA + MP, all $\Delta_{1}$-formulas are decidable.

## $\Omega$-invariance is weaker than Recursive

Markov's principle MP can be reformulated as If it is impossible that a TM runs forever, then it must halt.

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## Definition ( $\ln$ NSA)

A formula $\psi$ is $\Delta_{1}$ if $\psi \Longleftrightarrow(\exists n \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi_{1}(n) \Longleftrightarrow(\forall m \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi_{2}(m)$.

Theorem
In NSA + MP, all $\Delta_{1}$-formulas are decidable.
But MP is not available in NSA!

## $\Omega$-invariance is weaker than Recursive

Markov's principle MP can be reformulated as If it is impossible that a TM runs forever, then it must halt.

As no algorithmic upper bound on the halting time of the TM is given, MP is rejected in BISH. The notion of algorithm in BISH is not identical to 'recursive'.

## Definition ( $\ln$ NSA)

A formula $\psi$ is $\Delta_{1}$ if $\psi \Longleftrightarrow(\exists n \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi_{1}(n) \Longleftrightarrow(\forall m \in \mathbb{N}) \varphi_{2}(m)$.

Theorem
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Examples of non- $\Omega$-invariant procedures?

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& \mathrm{LLPO} \leftrightarrow \mathrm{WKL}
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NSA (based on CL)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbb{Q P O} \Longleftrightarrow \mathbb{M P}+\mathbb{W} \mathbb{P D} \\
& M P \Longleftrightarrow W M P+M P^{\vee} \\
& \mathbb{W} \mathbb{P} \mathbb{P} \Rightarrow \mathbb{L} \mathbb{R} P \\
& \mathbb{L R P O} \Rightarrow M^{\vee} \\
& \mathbb{L P O} \Rightarrow \mathbb{B D}-\mathbb{N} \\
& \mathbb{C P O D} \Rightarrow \mathbb{F A N}_{\Delta} \\
& \mathbb{L} \mathbb{P O} \Longleftrightarrow \mathbb{W} \mathbb{K} \mathbb{L}
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$k_{\omega}(x) \approx f(x)$
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Independent of the choice of $\omega$

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Homotopy: $\approx \Omega$-invariant broken-line transformation $h_{\omega, t}$ of $f$ to $g$.


Independent of the choice of $\omega$

Philosophy of Physics

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Now, in Physics, the end result of a calculation should have physical meaning (modeling of reality).

A mathematical result with physical meaning will not depend on the choice of infinite number/infinitesimal used, i.e. it is $\Omega$-invariant.

Final Thoughts

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The two eyes of exact science are mathematics and logic, the mathematical sect puts out the logical eye, the logical sect puts out the mathematical eye; each believing that it sees better with one eye than with two.
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Any questions?


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